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12	Allerman for Disintiff	
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15		CHAME OF CALTEODATA
_	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO	_ CENTRAL DISTRICT
16	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO	- CHILLY DIDIKICI
17		
18	CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE	Case No.37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL
19		NOTICE OF HEARING AND MOTION FOR ORDER LIFTING THE EFFECT
	D1	OF MARCH 11, 2011 ORDER
20	Plaintiff,	GRANTING RECONSIDERATION AND
21	vs.	DENYING INTERVENTION
2 1	v 5 ·	
22		Date: April 26, 2013
	CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL	Time: 2:00 p.m.
23	COMMISSION,	Dept: 62 Judge: Hon. Ronald Styn
	 COMMIDDION,	Trial Date: June 4, 2013
24	11	TITUL DUCC. Care 1/ 2020
2 =	Defendant.	
25	Defendant.	
25 26	Defendant.	
	Defendant.	
	Defendant.	

Notice of Hearing and Motion for Order Lifting Effect of March 11, 2011 Order Denying Intervention

Page 1

TO INTERVENORS "CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE", YAKIMA DIXIE, VELMA WHITEBEAR, ANTONIA LOPEZ, ANTONE AZEVEDO, MICHAEL MENDIBLES AND EVELYN WILSON, AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD, THOMAS W. WOLFRUM, ESQ., AND MATTHEW MCCONNELL OF SHEPPERD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON, LLP, AND TO DEFENDANT CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL COMMISSION, AND ITS ATTORNEY OF RECORD, THE CALIFORNIA ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, AND TO ALL INTERESTED PARTIES:

please take Notice that on April 26, 2013, at 2:00 p.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard in Department 62 of the above-entitled court located at 330 West Broadway, San Diego, California 92101, Plaintiff CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE ("the Miwok Tribe" or "Tribe" or "Plaintiff") will, and hereby does, move this court for an order lifting the "effect" of its March 11, 2011 order granting reconsideration and denying intervention, on the grounds that the Intervenors do not have any legal standing to assert any claim to the subject Revenue Sharing Trust Fund ("RSTF") money being withheld from the Miwok Tribe, and that the factual basis for the court's March 11, 2011 order denying intervention was correct at the time the order was made, and is still correct.

The December 22, 2010 letter from the Assistant Secretary of Interior ("ASI"), Larry Echo Hawk, upon which the court relied in its March 11, 2011 order, was reaffirmed by ASI Echo Hawk on August 31, 2011. Despite the ASI having stayed only the implementation of his August

31, 2011 decision, the final agency action of that decision refutes the Intervenors' claim of standing to assert any claims on behalf of the Miwok Tribe being presently led by Chairperson Silvia Burley, according to the recent case of Timbisha Shonshone Tribe v. Salazar (D.C. Cir. 2012) 678 F.3d 935.

This motion will be based upon this notice, the Memorandum of Points in Authorities attached hereto, the Request for Judicial Notice attached hereto, the complete files and records of this action, and such other oral and documentary evidence as may be presented at the time of hearing.

Dated: February $\frac{b}{0}$, 2013

Manuel Corrales, Jr., Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE

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9 10 11	SINGLETON & ASSOCIATES 1950 Fifth Avenue, Suite 200 San Diego, California 92101 Tel: (619) 239-3225 Fax: (619) 702-5592 Email: terry@terrysingleton.co				
12 13 14 15	Attorneys for Plaintiff CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO - CENTRAL DISTRICT				
17 18 19 20 21	CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE Plaintiff, vs.	Case No.37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ORDER LIFTING EFFECT OF March 11, 2011 ORDER GRANTING RECONSIDERATION AND DENYING INTERVENTION			
22 23 24 25 26	CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL COMMISSION, Defendant.	Date: April 26, 2013 Time: 2:00 p.m. Dept: 62 Judge: Hon. Ronald Styn Trial Date: June 4, 2013			
27					

Plaintiff CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE ("the Tribe" or "the Miwok Tribe" or "Plaintiff") submits the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of its Motion for Order Lifting the Effect of March 11, 2011 Order Granting Reconsideration and Denying Intervention.

I. INTRODUCTION

The Court of Appeal granted Plaintiff California Valley Miwok Tribe's ("Miwok Tribe") petition for a writ of mandate directing the trial court to lift its stay of these proceedings, so as to allow the parties to file dispositive motions and, if necessary, proceed to trial.

On March 11, 2011, the trial court granted the Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration of the court's previous order granting intervention and denied intervention. The ruling was based in part on a December 22, 2010 decision from the Assistant Secretary of Interior ("ASI"), which had concluded that the Miwok Tribe is a federally-recognized tribe consisting of five members with a recognized governing body established under a 1998 Tribal Resolution. The ASI further ruled that the U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs ("BIA") could not require the Tribe to expand its membership against its will.

After the March 11, 2011 order denying intervention, the ASI set aside its decision to allow for further briefing on the issues, which prompted the trial court in this case to enter an April 20, 2011 ex parte order staying the "effect" of the court's March 11, 2011 order denying

intervention. When the ASI issued its final decision on August 31, 2011, affirming its December 22, 2010, decision, this court stayed all further proceedings in this case, except for discovery, pending resolution of a challenge to the ASI's August 31, 2011 decision by the Intervenors in this case, Yakima Dixie ("Dixie") and his followers.

The Court of Appeal decision granting Plaintiff's petition directing the trial court to lift its stay applies with equal force to the trial court's April 20, 2011 ex parte order staying the effect of its March 11, 2011 order.

Accordingly, the court should lift its stay with respect to its order denying intervention. The legal basis for the order denying intervention has not changed. The individual Intervenors do not have standing to assert a claim to RSTF money as a matter of law. Moreover, the factual basis for denying intervention on March 11, 2011 was correct at the time, and it is still correct.

II. ARGUMENT

- A. THE LEGAL BASIS FOR THE ORDER DENYING INTERVENTION HAS NOT CHANGED
 - 1. The Intervenors lack standing to assert a claim to the RSTF as a matter of law.

In its March 11, 2011 order granting the Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration and then denying intervention, the court ruled, separate and apart from the December 22, 2010 decision from the Assistant Secretary of Interior ("ASI") as follows:

It is the Tribe that has standing to assert its claim to the RSTF monies, not the individual members. (citation omitted). To the extent Intervenors are members of the Tribe, their rights are "adequately represented" by the Tribe thereby precluding intervention under CCP §387(b). Intervenors' remedies with respect to Tribal membership and Tribal use of the RSTF monies are via Tribal procedure.

(Minute Order 3/11/2011, page 2, Ex. "33"). The court also ruled that the Intervenors' right to judicial review of the ASI's December 22, 2010 decision is insufficient to establish their "interest" in this case, stating:

To adopt Intervenors' position would mean that any party who challenges a decision made by the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs could continuously file writs and appeals, effectively nullifying the finality provision of 25 C.F.R.§2.6(c).

(Minute Order 3/11/2011, page 3, Ex. "33").

The court's March 11, 2011 order is consistent with federal case law on the lack of standing of Tribal non-members and Tribal members alike to assert a claim on behalf of the Tribe. <u>Timbisha Shoshone Tribe v. Salazar</u> (D.C. Cir. 2012) 678 F.3d 935, 937-938.

In <u>Timbisha</u>, supra, the Shoshone Tribe was entitled to certain funds created by Congress ("Distribution Act") as a result of a 1946 ruling made by the now defunct Indian Claims Commission awarding the Shoshone Tribe \$24 million in compensation for their having been deprived of their land by the "gradual encroachment by whites, settlers and others" and the taking of their land by the U.S. government. Individuals claiming to be the Tribal Council

sued the federal government, challenging the Distribution Act as unconstitutional. They "concede[d] they lacked standing to bring suit as individuals, but alleg[ed] they are the Tribal Council acting in its official capacity to protect the interests of the Tribe." 678 F.3d at 937.

Like the Miwok Tribe here, the Shoshone Tribe was embroiled in an internal leadership dispute for many years, with two factions claiming to be the Tribal Council, one being led by Joe Kennedy ("Kennedy Faction") and the other being led by George Gholson ("Gholson Faction"). After the District court upheld the Distribution Act as constitutional, the Kennedy Faction appealed to the Court of Appeals for review. Soon after the district court's decision, however, ASI Larry Echo Hawk issued a decision letter recognizing the Gholson Faction for the limited purpose of conducting an election to determine who constituted the Tribal Council. The Kennedy Faction lost, and the Gholson Faction was elected the Tribal Council. Thereafter, upon request, ASI Larry Echo Hawk recognized the Gholson-led Tribal Council in a letter.

As did Dixie and his followers here, the Kennedy Faction challenged the ASI's decision letter recognizing the Gholson Faction who claimed to be the rightful Tribal Council for the Shoshone Tribe, by filing an action in the U.S. District Court. As a result of the Echo Hawk letter recognizing the Gholson-led Tribal Council, the Court of Appeal concluded that the Kennedy Faction lack standing, and dismissed the appeal and instructed the district court

to dismiss the complaint for lack of jurisdiction, despite the pending federal court challenge of Echo Hawk's decision recognizing the Gholson-led Tribal Council. It stated:

It is a "bedrock principle of federal Indian law that every tribe is 'capable of managing its own affairs and governing itself.'" (citations omitted) The Echo Hawk letter acknowledges that the Timbisha Shoshone resolved their own leadership dispute through a valid internal tribal process.

678 F.3d at 938.

For the same reasons, the Intervenors lack standing to assert any claim to the RSTF money on behalf of the Miwok Tribe. Indeed, the December 22, 2010 ASI decision recognized the Burley-led Tribal Council, and caused the BIA to acknowledge the January 2011 re-election of Burley as the Tribal Chairperson.

Specifically, on January 6, 2011, after the ASI's December 2, 2010 decision was issued, the Miwok Tribe conducted an election, with full notice to Dixie, and reelected Burley as the Chairperson of the Tribe. Troy Burdick of the BIA, pursuant to the authority of the recent ASI decision, then wrote a letter dated January 12, 2011 to Chairperson Burley acknowledging the election results and congratulating all elected officials. (RJN, Ex. "32"). Although the ASI later set aside his December 22, 2010 decision solely to allow further briefing on the issue, he never reversed that decision, but in fact ultimately affirmed it. Accordingly, at the time the December 22, 2010 ASI decision was in full force and effect, the Tribe conducted a valid election resolving the internal

leadership dispute with Dixie, which was accepted and acknowledged by the BIA. Troy Burdick never recalled or set aside his January 12, 2011 letter of acknowledgment. Indeed, the ASI's August 31, 2011 decision letter makes no mention of the Burdick letters.

Thus, despite Dixie's pending federal court challenge to the ASI's August 31, 2011 decision affirming the December 22, 2010 decision, the Burley-led Tribal Council's election results of January 2011 was, as still is, recognized by the ASI by final agency action. Timbisha Shoshone Tribe, supra at 938.

Yakima Dixie likewise has admitted he resigned as Tribal Chairman as far back as 1999, which refutes his claim of authority for receipt of the RSTF money for the Miwok Tribe

Dixie admitted in his deposition that he had resigned as Tribal Chairman in 1999 and that his signature on his notice of resignation was not a forgery as he had previously claimed. (RJN, Ex. "21" and "22"). This admission opens the door for the Commission to release the RSTF money to an authorized representative for the Tribe, and removes any claim of a competing tribe or a competing Tribal representative vying for the same funds. Indeed, the Complaint-in-Intervention specifically alleges that, "the essence of this action is the tribal dispute regarding the leadership of the Tribe." (RJN, Ex. "20", Page 13, lines 10-11).

In October 2010, Dixie signed a declaration under penalty of perjury in support of his motion for leave to

Dated: February (8,

intervene, stating: "The document allegedly showing my resignation as Tribal Chairman is a forgery." (Emphasis added). (RJN, Ex. "19", page 2, lines 20-25). This declaration was proven to be false. Dixie testified in a subsequent deposition, under the examination of his own counsel, that he in fact resigned as Tribal Chairman, and that the signature appearing on a document notifying of his resignation he had earlier claimed to be a forgery was (RJN, Ex. "21"). He further testified that his signature appeared on a document confirming Burley as the new Tribal Chairperson. (RJN, Ex. "21").

THE MARCH 11, 2011 ORDER DENYING INTERVENTION SHOULD BE PUT INTO EFFECT

The court specifically denied intervention in its March In light of the Court of Appeal's recent 11, 2011 order. decision, that order should now be put into effect. correct when the court made it, and it is still correct, for the reasons stated above.

III. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the court should put back into effect its March 11, 2011 order denying intervention.

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-	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
16	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO	- CENTRAL DISTRICT
17		
18	CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE	Case No.37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL
19		DECLARATION OF MANUEL
		CORRALES, JR., IN SUPPORT OF
20	Plaintiff,	MOTION FOR ORDER LIFTING EFFECT OF March 11, 2001
21	***	ORDER
21	vs.	
22		Date: April 26, 2013
	CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL	Time: 2:00 p.m. Dept: 62
23	COMMISSION,	Judge: Hon. Ronald Styn
24		Trial Date: June 4, 2013
	D. 5 3 5	
25	Defendant.	
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27		

- 1. I am an attorney at law duly licensed to practice in the State of California, the State of New Mexico and the State of Utah, and I am one of the attorneys of record for Plaintiff CALFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE ("the Miwok Tribe") herein. I have personal knowledge of the facts as set forth herein.
- 2. Attached herewith and marked as Exhibit "33" is a true and correct copy of the Notice of Ruling: Motion for Reconsideration and Motion for Leave to Intervene, containing this court's minute order of March 11, 2011.
- 3. Attached herewith and marked as Exhibit "34" is a true and correct copy of an Order Granting in Part Ex Parte Applications for Stay of Entry of Judgment, filed April 20, 2011.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this \(\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2} \) day of February 2013 at San Diego, California.

MANUEL CORRALES, JR.

1.0

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16	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO	
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18		G N- 25 2000 0005206 OT 60 OT
	CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE	Case No.37-2008-00075326-CO-CO-CTL
19		NOTICE OF RULING: MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND MOTION
20	Plaintiff,	FOR LEAVE TO INTERVENE
21	vs.	Date: March 11, 2011
22		Time: 2:00 p.m. Dept: 62
	CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL	Judge: Hon. Ronald Styn
23	COMMISSION,	Trial Date: May 13, 2011
24		
25	Defendant.	
26		
27		

TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD, AND TO ALL OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on March 11, 2010, in
Department 62 of the above-entitled Court, the Hon. Ronald
L. Styn presiding, the San Diego County Superior Court
entered an order granting Plaintiff's Motion for
Reconsideration of the Court's prior order granting
intervention, and, upon reconsideration, denied the
proposed Intervenors' Motion to Intervene. A copy of the
order is attached herewith and marked as Exhibit "1", and
is incorporated into this notice by this reference.

13 Dated: March 14, 2011

Manuel Corrales, Jr., Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO CENTRAL

MINUTE ORDER

DATE: 03/11/2011

TIME: 02:00:00 PM

DEPT: C-62

JUDICIAL OFFICER PRESIDING: Ronald L. Styn

CLERK: Kim Mulligan

REPORTER/ERM: Susan Holthaus CSR# 6959 BAILIFF/COURT ATTENDANT: M. Chadwell

CASE NO: 37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL CASE INIT.DATE: 01/08/2008

CASE TITLE: California Valley Miwok Tribe vs. The California Gambling Control Commission

EVENT TYPE: Motion Hearing (Civil)

MOVING PARTY: California Valley Miwok Tribe

CAUSAL DOCUMENT/DATE FILÉD: Motion for Reconsideration, 12/30/2010

APPEARANCES

SEE SIGN-IN SHEET FOR APPEARANCES.

The Court hears oral argument and CONFIRMS the tentative ruling as follows:

The court addresses the evidentiary issues. Plaintiff California Valley Miwok Tribe's request for judicial notice is granted as to 1 and denied as to 2. Intervenors' request for judicial notice is granted. Plaintiff's supplemental request for judicial notice is granted. Intervenors' supplemental request for judicial notice is granted. Intervenors' objection 4 is sustained; objections 1-3 are overruled; the court does not reach Intervenors' objection 5 because the court does not reach Plaintiff's demurrer. Plaintiff's objections to Intervenors' request for judicial notice are overruled. Plaintiff's objections to Defendant California Gambling Control Commission's request for judicial notice are overruled. Plaintiff's objections to Plaintiff's evidence submitted in reply are all overruled. Plaintiff's objections to Intervenors' request for judicial notice in support of Intervenors' supplemental brief in opposition to Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration are overruled. Intervenors' objections to Plaintiff's evidence in reply re motion for reconsideration are overruled. The Commission's objections to Plaintiff's evidence in reply in support of motion for reconsideration are overruled. The Commission's objections to Plaintiff's supplemental combined request for judicial notice are overruled. The Commission's objections to Plaintiff's supplemental combined request for judicial notice are overruled. The Commission's objections to Plaintiff's supplemental combined request for judicial notice are overruled.

The court then rules as follows. Plaintiff California Valley Miwok Tribe's motion for reconsideration is granted. The court finds Plaintiff establishes that the December 22, 2010, decision by Assistant Secretary Larry Echo Hawk of the United States Department of the Interior –Indian Affairs as "new or different facts, circumstances or law" supporting reconsideration under CCP \$1008(a).



Upon reconsideration, Intervenors' motion for leave to intervene is denied.

The court previously found Intervenors established their "interest" in this matter, under CCP § 387(a), based on "evidence of the on-going Tribal leadership dispute, both Dixie and Burley's failure to involve the whole tribal community in the formation of a constitution and governing body for the Tribe, [see, California Valley Miwok Tribe v. Pacific Regional Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, 51 IBIS 103 (1/28/10)] and the Bureau of Indian Affairs requirement of adoption of a Tribal government that "reflect[s] the involvement of the whole tribal community" [see, California Valley Miwok Tribe v. U.S. (D.C. Cir. 2008) 515 F.3d 1262, 1266] "

Via his December 22, 2010 decision the Assistant Secretary rescinded the BIA's public notice to "assist the California Valley Miwok Tribe, aka Sheep Ranch Rancheria (Tribe) in its efforts to organize a formal governmental structure that is acceptable to all members;" rescinded the BIA's "letters stating that the BIA will initiate the reorganization process for the California Valley Miwok Tribe;" rescinded the letter "stating that the BIA does not recognize any government of the California Valley Miwok Tribe;" rescinded the BIA's letter to Sylvia Burley "stating that it 'does not view your tribe to be an 'organized' Indian Tribe,' and indicating that Ms. Burley is merely a 'person of authority' within the Tribe;" and stated that "[b]oth my office and the BIA will work with the Tribe's existing governing body – its General Council, as established by Resolution # GC-98-01 – to fulfill the government-to-government relationship between the United States and the California Valley Miwok Tribe."

The December 22, 2010 decision removes the bases for the court's finding that Intervenors have an interest in this action under CCP § 387(a). Pursuant to the December 22, 2010 decision, the subsequent Special General Council meeting of the Tribe electing Burley as the Tribe's Chairperson, and the January 12, 2011, letter from Superintendent Burdick, the "on-going Tribal leadership" dispute has been resolved. The actions of the BIA disputing the formation of the Tribal government and leadership were rescinded. The BIA recognizes Burley as a representative of the Tribe. It is the Tribe that has standing to assert its claim to the RSTF monies, not the individual members. See, Canadian St. Regis Band of Mohawk Indians v. State of New York (N.D. N.Y. 1983) 573 F.Supp. 1530, 1537. To the extent Intervenors are members of the Tribe, their rights are "adequately represented" by the Tribe thereby precluding intervention under CCP § 387(b). Intervenors' remedies with respect to Tribal membership and Tribal use of the RSTF monies are via Tribal procedure.

Pursuant to 25 C.F.R. §2.6(c) the December 22, 2010, decision by the Assistant Superintendent is final and "effective immediately." Intervenors submit evidence of the filing of suit in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia seeking judicial review of the December 22, 2010 decision. However, Intervenors provide no authority holding that the filing of the federal court action vitiates the finality or immediate effectiveness of the decision of the Assistant Superintendent. Intervenors in essence are asking this court to stay the effect of the December 22, 2010, decision. This court is without jurisdiction to do so.

The court recognizes the long history of this dispute and that Intervenors continue to dispute whether the Miwok Tribe and its members have been organized and legally recognized, and whether Burley is the representative of the Tribe with standing to assert the Tribe's claim to the RSTF monies. The court also recognizes that even though the December 22, 2010 decision is a "final agency action" it is still subject to judicial review. 5 U.S.C. §704. See, e.g., Bennett v. Spear (1997) 520 U.S. 154, 175. However, the court finds such a right to judicial review is insufficient to establish Intervenors "interest" in this matter. To adopt Intervenors' position would mean that any party who challenges a decision made by the

CASE NO: 37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL

CASE TITLE: California Valley Miwok Tribe vs. The California Gambling Control Commission

Assistant Secretary--Indian Affairs could continuously file writs and appeals, effectively nullifying the finality provision of 25 C.F.R. § 2.6(c).

The court is not persuaded by Intervenors' argument that the subsequent Burdick January 12, 2011 letter is a non-final appealable decision which keeps open issues of Tribal government, membership and leadership. This letter simply reflects Burdick's acknowledgement of the December 22, 2010, decision and sets forth steps taken by Burdick to implement the December 22, 2010 decision. Moreover, even absent the subsequent January 12, 2011, Burdick letter and the subsequent Special General Council meeting of the Tribe electing Burley as the Tribe's Chairperson, the effect of the December 22, 2010, decision alone removes Intervenors' "interest" in this matter. The December 22, 2010, decision specifically rescinds action taken by the BIA requiring the Tribe "to organize in a formal governmental structure," rescinds action taken by the BIA in not recognizing any government for the Tribe, rescinds action taken by the BIA in not recognizing any government for the Tribe, and specifically recognizes the validity of Resolution GC 98-01 (which identifies the members of the Tribe as Yakima Dixie, Silvia Fawn Burley, Rashel Kawehilani Reznor, Anjelica Josett Paulk and Tristian Shawnee Wallace. Via such rescission, the BIA impliedly recognizes the Tribe's existing government, recognizes Burley as Chairperson and recognizes the validity of GC 98-01 – precisely the issues acknowledged by Burdick in his January 12, 2011 letter.

Nor is the court persuaded by the Commission's argument that Intervenors are subject to mandatory joinder under CCP §389(a)(ii). As discussed above, it is the Tribe that has standing to assert a claim to the RSTF monies, not the individual members. Thus, Intervenors, even if members of the Tribe, lack standing to assert individual claims to the RSTF monies both in this court and to the Commission. Intervenors claims are dependent on both their membership in the Tribe and the BIA's recognition of Tribal government and leadership — both issues the parties agree the court is without jurisdiction to decide. Again, the court recognizes that the December 22, 2010 decision is subject to writ review in Federal court. However, the court finds the outcome of such review is speculative and does not create a ""substantial risk of double, multiple, or otherwise inconsistent obligations" as required for compulsory joinder under CCP §389(a)(ii). The December 22, 2010 decision definitively establishes the Tribe's membership, governing body and leadership. In light of this decision, and the fact that Intervenors lack standing to assert individual claims to RSTF monies, Intervenors' remedy following disbursement of RSTF monies by the Commission to the Tribe, is not against the Commission, but against the Tribe. The Commission is protected by December 22, 2010 decision.

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Judge Ronald L. Styn

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Superi	or Co	ourt (of Ca	liforn	iia
Co	unty	of S	an Di	iego	

SIGN-IN SHEET

Calendar No.: 32	,33	,34
Court Use Only		

CASE: 37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL - California Valley Miwok Tribe vs. The California Gambling Control Commission

EVENT TYPE: Demurrer / Motion to Strike

EVENT DATE/TIME: 03/11/2011 2:00 pm

JUDGE: Ronald L. Styn

DEPARTMENT: C-62

ATTORNEY/PARTICIPANT NAME	CLIENT NAME	SIGNATURE
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CORRALES JR, MANUEL	California Valley Miwok Tribe et. al. [PLN]	Clerk
FREEMAN RICHARD MOLLINS	California Valley Miwok Tribe California et. al. [INV]	Je sede
Cates Gates, Sylvia A	The California Gambling Control Commission et. al. [DFN]	Selevicateo
KAUFMAN, PETER H	The California Gambling Control Commission et. al. [DFN]	
Rosette, Robert A	California Valley Miwok Tribe et. al. [PLN]	Il a for
Singleton, Terry	California Valley Miwok Tribe et. al. [PLN]	
Wolfum, Thomas W	Azevedo, Antone et. al. [INP]	Thomas Wolfman

Clerk of the Superior Court

APR 20 2011

By: H. CHAVARIN, Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO - CENTRAL DISTRICT

CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE Case No.37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL

ORDER GRANTING IN PART EX
PARTE APPLICATIONS FOR STAY

Plaintiff, OF ENTRY OF JUDGMENT

VS. Date: April 6, 2011 Time: 9:00 a.m.

Dept: 62

CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL
COMMISSION,

Judge: Hon. Ronald Styn
Trial Date: May 13, 2011

Defendant.

This cause came on for hearing before the undersigned on April 6, 2011, at 9:00 a.m., upon the ex parte applications of Defendant CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL COMMISSION ("the Commission") and Intervenors CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE, CALIFORNIA (a.k.a. SHEEP RANCH RANCHERIA OF ME-WUK INDIANS, CALIFORNIA), YAKIMA DIXIE, VELMA WHITEBEAR, ANTONIA LOPEZ, ANTONE AZAVEDO, MICHAEL MENDIBLES, and EVELYN WILSON ("Intervenors"), seeking an

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order staying entry of judgment against the Commission with respect to this Court's previous Order of March 11, 2011 granting judgment on the pleadings, and other relief, in light of a letter dated April 1, 2011 from the Assistant Secretary, Larry Echo Hawk, of the U.S. Department of the Interior ("Assistant Secretary"), setting aside his previous December 22, 2010 decision letter, and stating that a reconsidered decision will be issued; Randall Pinal, Deputy Attorney General, appearing for the Commission; Matthew McConnell, Esq., appearing for the Intervenors; Terry Singleton, Esq., and Manuel Corrales, Jr., Esq., appearing for Plaintiff CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE; and due notice having been given to all interested parties; the Court having read and considered the papers submitted; the Court having heard and considered the argument of counsel; and good cause appearing therefor:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED as follows:

- 1. The ex parte applications of Defendant and Intervenors are granted in part, as set forth herein.
- 2. The entry of judgment against the Commission shall be stayed pending further order of this Court;
- 3. The effect of the Court's prior rulings shall likewise be stayed pending further order of this Court. These rulings include: (1) Order of March 11, 2011, granting reconsideration and denying intervention; (2) Order of March 11, 2011, granting judgment on the pleadings as against the Commission; and (3) Order ruling Plaintiff's demurrer to the Complaint in Intervention is moot, in light

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of the Court's ruling denying intervention. As a result of these rulings being stayed, Intervenors are reinstated as fully participating parties to this case.

- 4. The parties (which includes Intervenors) may conduct discovery, unless and until otherwise ordered by the Court.
- 5. Except for discovery related motions, no dispositive motions are permitted, unless or until otherwise ordered by the Court.
- 6. Plaintiff's motion for an award for pre-judgment interest, set for April 22, 2011, is off calendar, without prejudice to re-file, pending entry of judgment.
- 7. The Intervenors' motion for reconsideration, set for May 13, 2011, is off calendar, without prejudice.
- 8. The Court sets a Case Management Conference for July 15, 2011, at 10:00 a.m., in Department 62. The present trial date of May 13, 2011, and the pre-trial conference, along with other previously set dates, are all vacated.
- 9. Should the Assistant Secretary issue his reconsidered decision before the Case Management Conference of July 15, 2011, the parties shall immediately notify the Court.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 4-20-1/

Hon. Ronald L. Styn Superior Court Judge

1 2 3 APPROVED AS TO FORM: 4 5 6 Date: KAMALA D. HARRIS 7 Attorney General of California SARA J. DRAKE 8 Senior Asst. Attorney General 9 RANDALL A. PINAL Deputy Attorney General 10 11 12 RANDALL A. PINAL, Esq. 13 Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Defendant 14 CALIFORNIA GAMBLING CONTROL COMMISSION 15 16 17 Date: 18 Manuel Corrales, Jr., Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff 19 CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE 20 21 Date: SINGLETON & ASSOCIATES 23 24 Terry Singleton, Esq. 25 Attorneys for Plaintiff CALIFORNIA VALLEY MIWOK TRIBE 26 27

SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & Date: HAMPTON, LLP Matthew S. McConnell, Esq. Attorneys for Intervenors THOMAS W. WOLFRUM Date: Attorney for Intervenors

M	TTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): SBN 117647 7140 Bernardo Center Drive, Suite 370	FOR COURT USE ONLY
	an Diego, California 92128	
E-A	TELEPHONE NO.: (858) 521 - 0634 MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): mannycorrales@yahoo.com ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiff California Valley Miwok Tribe	
SI	UPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF San Diego STREET ADDRESS: 330 West Broadway	
	MAILING ADDRESS: 330 West Broadway CITY AND ZIP CODE: San Diego, California 92101 BRANCH NAME: Central District	
	PETITIONER/PLAINTIFF: California Valley Miwok Tribe	
R	ESPONDENT/DEFENDANT: California Gambling Control Comission	
	PROOF OF SERVICE BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL-CIVIL	CASE NUMBER: 37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL
L	(Do not use this Proof of Service to show service of a Summons a	and Complaint.)
	I am over 18 years of age and not a party to this action . I am a resident of or employed took place.	d in the county where the mailing
2.	My residence or business address is:	
3.	17140 Bernardo Center Drive, Suite 370 San Diego, California 92128 On (date): February 21, 2013 I mailed from (city and state): San Diego, California the following documents (specify):	a
	The documents are listed in the Attachment to Proof of Service by First-Class Mai (form POS-030(D)).	il—Civil (Documents Served)
4.	I served the documents by enclosing them in an envelope and (check one): a. depositing the sealed envelope with the United States Postal Service with the b. placing the envelope for collection and mailing following our ordinary business business's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.	practices. I am readily familiar with this On the same day that correspondence is
5.	The envelope was addressed and mailed as follows: a. Name of person served:	
	b. Address of person served:	
	The name and address of each person to whom I mailed the documents is listed in by First-Class Mail—Civil (Persons Served) (POS-030(P)).	n the Attachment to Proof of Service
	eclare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing	is true and correct.
Dat	te: February 21, 2013	
He	eather Turner Heath	L lurnie
	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM) (SIGNAT	URE OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM)

SHORT TITLE: CVMT v. CGCC

CASE NUMBER: 37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL

ATTACHMENT TO PROOF OF SERVICE BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL—CIVIL (DOCUMENTS SERVED)

(This Attachment is for use with form POS-030)

The documents that were personally served by first-class mail are as follows (describe each document specifically):

Notice of Hearing and Motion for Order Lifting the Effect of March 11, 2011 Order Granting Reconsideration and Denying Intervention
Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of Motion for Order Lifting the Effect of March 11, 2011 Order Granting Reconsideration and Denying Intervention
Declaration of Manuel Corrales, Jr. in Support of Motion for Order Lifting the Effect of March 11, 2011 Order
Plaintiff's Request for Judicial Notice Re: Plaintiff's Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings and Motion Lifting Stay Re Order Denying Intervention; Declaration of Manuel Corrales, Jr.

SHORT TITLE: CVMT v. CGCC

CASE NUMBER: 37-2008-00075326-CU-CO-CTL

ATTACHMENT TO PROOF OF SERVICE BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL—CIVIL (PERSONS SERVED)

(This Attachment is for use with form POS-030)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF EACH PERSON SERVED BY MAIL:

Name of Person Served

Address (number, street, city, and zip code)

Neil D. Houston, Esq.	1300 "I" St. Suite 125 Sacramento, CA 95814
Matthew McConnell, Esq. Sheppard Mullin Ritcher&Hampton LLP	12275 El Camino Real, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92130
Thomas Wolfrum, Esq. Attorney at Law	1333 North California Blvd., Suite 150 Walnut Creek, California 94596
Terry Singleton, Esq. SINGLETON & ASSOCIATES	1950 Fifth Ave., Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92101
Robert Rosette, Esq. ROSETTE & ASSOCIATES	193 Blue Ravine Rd., Suite 255 Folsom, California 95630